15	What	is 1	the	domain	of	the	function	shown	in	the	table
	at the	rig	ht?	)							

<b>A</b> $\{(-3, -15), (-1, -9), (0, -6), (2, -6)\}$	0), (4)	4, 6)
--	---------	-------

**B** 
$$\{(0, -6), (2, 0)\}$$

**C** 
$$\{-15, -9, -6, -3, -1, 0, 2, 4, 6\}$$

**D** 
$$\{-3, -1, 0, 2, 4\}$$

$$\mathbf{E}$$
 {-15, -9, -6, 0, 6}

X	У
-3	-15
-1	-9
0	-6
2	0
4	6

	•
4	6

**16** Which sentence represents the statement that a number minus 1 is less than the original number?

$$A - 1 - 1 < 0$$

**B** 
$$1-1 \le 0$$
 **C**  $2-1=1$ 

$$\mathbf{C} \ \ 2 - 1 = 1$$

**Visits** 

1

2

3

4

5

6

Pass

\$10.50

\$11.00

\$11.50

\$12.00

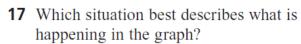
\$12.50

\$13.00

\$13.50

**D** 
$$3 - 1 < 3$$

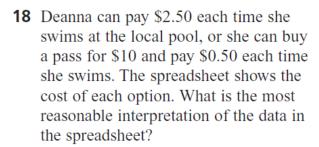
**E** 
$$4 - 1 \le 4$$



- A A skydiver jumps from a plane, free-falls, opens the parachute, then lands on the ground.
- **B** A group of hikers ascend and descend a mountain and several hills.



- **D** A surfer rides a wave onto the shore.
- **E** A rubber ball is dropped from a window, hits the ground, and bounces up and down.



- A Since the pass costs less overall, it is the better buy.
- **B** Since it clearly costs more to use a pass, it is better to pay \$2.50 each time.
- **C** The pass is a better buy if Deanna swims 5 times or more.
- **D** If Deanna swims 5 times or less, it is better to pay each time.
- **E** If Deanna swims 6 times or more, the pass is the better buy, and if she swims 4 times or less, it is better to pay each time.

Height	
	Time

Pay Each

Time

\$2.50

\$5.00

\$7.50

\$10.00

\$12.50

\$15.00

\$17.50

17 \_\_\_\_

16 \_\_\_\_\_

18 \_\_\_\_\_

15	What	is the	domain	of the	function	shown	in the	table
	at the	right?	II.A.2.					

Α	$\{(-3, -1)\}$	-15), (	-1,	-9), (	(0, -	6),	(2,	0),	(4,	6)}
	(( -,	10),(	-,	~ /, \	( ,	$\sim_{J}$ ,	(-,	$\sim$ $_{\prime}$	( , ,	$\sim$ $_{j}$

**B** 
$$\{(0, -6), (2, 0)\}$$

**C** 
$$\{-15, -9, -6, -3, -1, 0, 2, 4, 6\}$$

**D** 
$$\{-3, -1, 0, 2, 4\}$$

$$E \{-15, -9, -6, 0, 6\}$$

У
-15
-9
-6
0
6

.,	15 _	
y		
-15		
-9		
-6		
0		

16

**16** Which sentence represents the statement that a number minus 1 is less than the original number? **I.C.4.** 

**A** 
$$-1 - 1 < 0$$

**B** 
$$1 - 1 \le 0$$

**C** 
$$2 - 1 = 1$$

**Visits** 

1

2

3

4

5

6

Pass

\$10.50

\$11.00

\$11.50

\$12.00

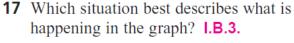
\$12.50

\$13.00

\$13.50

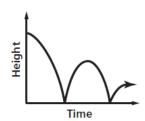
**D** 
$$3 - 1 < 3$$

**E** 
$$4 - 1 \le 4$$



A skydiver jumps from a plane, free-falls, opens the parachute, then lands on the ground.

**B** A group of hikers ascend and descend a mountain and several hills.



Pay Each

Time

\$2.50

\$5.00

\$7.50

\$10.00

\$12.50

\$15.00

\$17.50

17 <u>E</u>

- **C** An airplane begins a descent, circles the airport, and lands.
- **D** A surfer rides a wave onto the shore.

**E** A rubber ball is dropped from a window, hits the ground, and bounces up and down.

18 Deanna can pay \$2.50 each time she swims at the local pool, or she can buy a pass for \$10 and pay \$0.50 each time she swims. The spreadsheet shows the cost of each option. What is the most reasonable interpretation of the data in the spreadsheet? II.D.3.

A Since the pass costs less overall, it is the better buy.

В	Since it clearly costs more to use a
	pass, it is better to pay \$2.50 each time.

C The pass is a better buy if Deanna swims 5 times or more.

**D** If Deanna swims 5 times or less, it is better to pay each time.

E If Deanna swims 6 times or more, the pass is the better buy, and if she swims 4 times or less, it is better to pay each time.

