

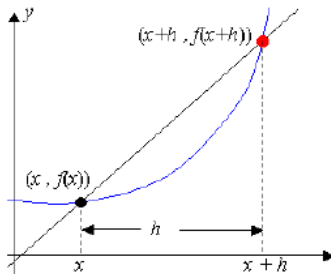
## Definition of a Derivative

“h is the same as delta x”

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = f'(x)$$

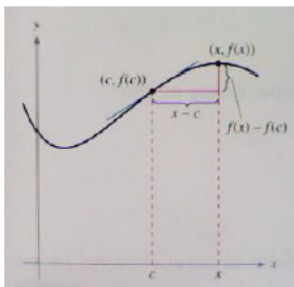
### Definition of the Derivative

The derivative of the function  $f$ , or instantaneous rate of change, is given by converting the slope of the secant line to the slope of the tangent line by making the change in  $x$ ,  $\Delta x$  or  $h$ , approach zero.



$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

### Alternate Definition



$$f'(c) = \lim_{x \rightarrow c} \frac{f(x) - f(c)}{x - c}$$

Definition of the Derivative:

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$f'(a) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a + h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h}$$

*derivative at  $x = a$*

*alternate form*

**Definition of Derivative  
(slope of the tangent line)**

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{f(x + h) - f(x)}{h} \right)$$