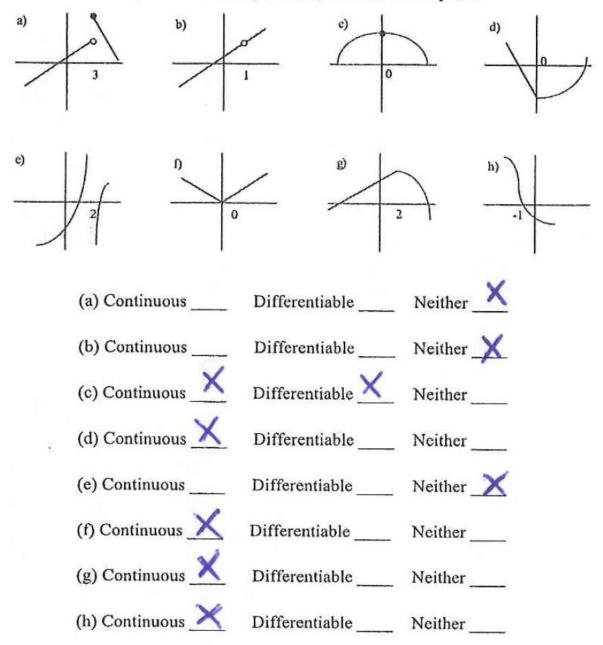
20. *Example*: Determined the following functions are continuous, differentiable, neither, or both at the point.



21. *Example*: Given the following graph, at what points does the function appear to be:

(a) Continuous but not differentiable-

-5,2

(b) Neither continuous nor differentiable-

22. Example: Discuss the continuity and differentiability of the function f(x) = |x - 2|.

continuous everywhere not diff. at $\chi = 2$

23. *Example*: Discuss the continuity and differentiability of the function $f(x) = x^{1/3}$.

continuous everywhere not diff. at x = 0 4. *Example*: Find if f(x) is continuous and/or differentiable at x = -1.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + x - 3 & x \ge -1 \\ -x - 4 & x < -1 \end{cases}$$

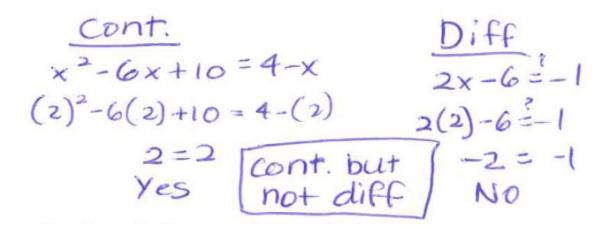
 $\frac{Cont}{x^{2}+x-3} \stackrel{?}{=} -x-4$ $(-1)^{2}+(-1)-3 \stackrel{?}{=} (-1)-4$ $-3 \stackrel{?}{=} -3$ Yes
BOTH

$$\frac{\text{Diff}}{2x+1} = -1$$

2(-1) + 1 = -1
-1 = -1
Yes

25. *Example*: Find if f(x) is continuous and/or differentiable at x = 2.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - 6x + 10 & x \ge 2\\ 4 - x & x < 2 \end{cases}$$



26. Example: Find the value a and b that make the function f(x) differentiable.

$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax^2 + 1\\ bx - 3 \end{cases}$	$\begin{array}{l} x \ge 1 \\ x < 1 \end{array}$
Cont.	Diff
$ax^{2}+1=bx-3$ $a(1)^{2}+1=b(1)-3$	2ax = b 2a(1) = b
a+1=b-3	2a=b

a+l=(2a)-3 4=a b=8 a=2(4)=b