Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences

Find the three terms in the sequence after the last one given. Write a brief description of the pattern.

1) -4, 1, 6, 11,,,,	2) 0.6, 3, 15, 75,,,,
3) -4, -20, -100, -500,,,,	4) -37, -35, -33, -31,,,
5) -2, -4, -8, -16,,,,	6) 4, 3.7, 3.4, 3.1,,,,
7) -6, 14, 34, 54,,,,	8) -1, 4, -16, 64,,,,

Sequences involving repeated addition or subtraction are known as Arithmetic. (Think of subtraction as adding a negative number and these can all be written as addition patterns.)

- 9) Go back and circle the problem numbers in the above sequences (1-8) which represent Arithmetic sequences.
- 10) 23, 26, 29, 32, ...
 - a) Find the common difference.
 - b) Write an explicit formula for the sequence
 - c) Find a_{37}
- 11) 10, 1, -8, -17, ...
 - a) Find the common difference.
 - b) Write an explicit formula for the sequence
 - c) Find a_{31}

Answers

Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences

Find the three terms in the sequence after the last one given. Write a brief description of the pattern.

1) -4, 1, 6, 11,,,, 16, 21, 26	2) 0.6, 3, 15, 75,,
3) -4, -20, -100, -500,,,	4) -37, -35, -33, -31,,,
5) -2, -4, -8, -16,,,	6) 4, 3.7, 3.4, 3.1,,,
7) -6, 14, 34, 54,,,,	8) -1, 4, -16, 64,,

Sequences involving repeated addition or subtraction are known as Arithmetic. (Think of subtraction as adding a negative number and these can all be written as addition patterns.)

- 9) Go back and circle the problem numbers in the above sequences (1-8) which represent Arithmetic sequences.
- 10) 23, 26, 29, 32, ...

Common Difference: d = 3 $a_{37} = 131$ Explicit: $a_n = 20 + 3n$

- a) Find the common difference.
- b) Write an explicit formula for the sequence
- c) Find a_{37}
- 11) 10, 1, -8, -17, ... Common Difference: d = -9 $a_{31} = -260$

Explicit: $a_n = 10 + (n-1) \cdot -9$

- a) Find the common difference.
- b) Write an explicit formula for the sequence
- c) Find a_{31}

Find the common difference, the explicit formula, and the term named in the problem.

12) 31, -69, -169, -269,	13) -22, -222, -422, -622,
Find <i>a</i> ₄₀	Find <i>a</i> ₃₂
14) 12, 16, 20, 24,	15) 0, -4, -8, -12,
Find <i>a</i> ₃₀	Find a_{31}
16) -10, -30, -50, -70,	17) 11, 20, 29, 38,
Find <i>a</i> ₂₁	Find a ₃₄
18) -38, -36, -34, -32,	19) 40, -160, -360, -560,

20) 14, 24, 34, 44, ...

Find a_{31}

Find a_{21}

21) 22, 52, 82, 112, ... Find *a*₃₆

Find a_{23}

Answers

Find the common difference, the explicit formula, and the term named in the problem.

12) 31, -69, -169, -269, ... Find a_{40} Common Difference: d = -100 $a_{40} = -3869$ Explicit: $a_n = 31 + (n-1) \cdot -100$

- 14) 12, 16, 20, 24, ... Find a_{30} Common Difference: d = 4 $a_{30} = 128$ Explicit: $a_{10} = 12 + (n-1) \cdot 4$
- 16) -10, -30, -50, -70, ... Find a_{21} Common Difference: d = -20 $a_{21} = -410$ Explicit: $a_n = -10 + (n-1) \cdot -20$
- 18) -38, -36, -34, -32, ... Find a_{21} Common Difference: d = 2 $a_{21} = 2$ Explicit: $a_n = -38 + (n-1) \cdot 2$
- 20) 14, 24, 34, 44, ... Find a_{31} Common Difference: d = 10 $a_{31} = 314$ Explicit: $a_n = 14 + (n-1) \cdot 10$

- 13) -22, -222, -422, -622, ... Find a_{32} Common Difference: d = -200 $a_{32} = -6222$ Explicit: $a_n = -22 + (n-1) \cdot -200$
- 15) 0, -4, -8, -12, ... Find a_{31} Common Difference: d = -4 $a_{31} = -120$ Explicit: $a_n = 0 + (n - 1) \cdot -4$
- 17) 11, 20, 29, 38, ... Find a_{34} Common Difference: d = 9 $a_{34} = 308$ Explicit: $a_n = 11 + (n-1) \cdot 9$
- 19) 40, -160, -360, -560, ... Find a_{23} Common Difference: d = -200 $a_{23} = -4360$ Explicit: $a_n = 40 + (n-1) \cdot -200$
- 21) 22, 52, 82, 112, ... Find a_{36} Common Difference: d = 30 $a_{36} = 1072$ Explicit: $a_n = 22 + (n-1) \cdot 30$

Sequences involving repeated multiplication or division are known as Geometric. (Think of division as multiplying by a fraction and these can all be written as multiplication patterns.)

22) Go back and look at questions 1-8. Those sequences that you did not circle for question #9 should all be Geometric.

23) -4, 8, -16, 32, ...

- a) Find the common ratio.
- b) Write an explicit formula for the sequence
- c) Find a_{10}

24) 32, 16, 8, 4, ...

- a) Find the common ratio.
- b) Write an explicit formula for the sequence
- c) Find a_{10}

Answers

Sequences involving repeated multiplication or division are known as Geometric. (Think of division as multiplying by a fraction and these can all be written as multiplication patterns.)

22) Go back and look at questions 1-8. Those sequences that you did not circle for question #9 should all be Geometric.

23) -4, 8, -16, 32, ...

- a) Find the common ratio.
- b) Write an explicit formula for the sequence
- c) Find a_{10}

Common Ratio: r = -2 $a_{10} = 2048$ Explicit: $a_n = -4 \cdot (-2)^{n-1}$

24) 32, 16, 8, 4, ...
Common Ratio:
$$r = \frac{1}{2}$$

 $a_{10} = \frac{1}{16}$
Explicit: $a_n = 32 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$

- a) Find the common ratio.
- b) Write an explicit formula for the sequence

c) Find a_{10}

Find the common ratio, the explicit formula, and the term named in the problem.

25) -1, -2, -4, -8, ...
Find
$$a_{11}$$

26) $-\frac{1}{2}$, $-\frac{1}{4}$, $-\frac{1}{8}$, $-\frac{1}{16}$, ...
Find a_{10}

27) -2, 6, -18, 54, ... Find a_{12} 28) 4, 8, 16, 32, ... Find *a*₁₀

29) -0.75, -3, -12, -48, ... Find a_0 30) 0.5, -1, 2, -4, ... Find a_{11}

31) -2, 10, -50, 250, ... Find a_9 32) 4, 16, 64, 256, ... Find *a*_o

33) -0.5, 1, -2, 4, ... Find a_{12}

34) -1, $-\frac{1}{2}$, $-\frac{1}{4}$, $-\frac{1}{8}$, ... Find a_{11}

Answers

Find the common ratio, the explicit formula, and the term named in the problem.

25) -1, -2, -4, -8, ... Find a_{11} Common Ratio: r = 2 $a_{11} = -1024$ Explicit: $a_n = -2^{n-1}$

27) -2, 6, -18, 54, ...
Find
$$a_{12}$$

Common Ratio: $r = -3$
 $a_{12} = 354294$
Explicit: $a_n = -2 \cdot (-3)^{n-1}$

29) -0.75, -3, -12, -48, ...
Find
$$a_9$$

Common Ratio: $r = 4$
 $a_9 = -49152$
Explicit: $a_n = -0.75 \cdot 4^{n-1}$

31) -2, 10, -50, 250, ...
Find
$$a_{9}$$

Common Ratio: r = -5 $a_9 = -781250$ Explicit: $a_n = -2 \cdot (-5)^{n-1}$

33) -0.5, 1, -2, 4, ...
Find
$$a_{12}$$

Common Ratio: $r = -2$
 $a_{12} = 1024$
Explicit: $a_n = -0.5 \cdot (-2)^{n-1}$

26)
$$-\frac{1}{2}$$
, $-\frac{1}{4}$, $-\frac{1}{8}$, $-\frac{1}{16}$, ... Common Ratio: $r = \frac{1}{2}$
Find a_{10}
 $a_{10} = -\frac{1}{1024}$
Explicit: $a_n = -\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$

28) 4, 8, 16, 32, ...
Find
$$a_{10}$$

Common Ratio: $r = 2$
 $a_{10} = 2048$
Explicit: $a_{10} = 4 \cdot 2^{n-1}$

30) 0.5, -1, 2, -4, ... Find a_{11} Common Ratio: r = -2 $a_{11} = 512$ Explicit: $a_n = 0.5 \cdot (-2)^{n-1}$

32) 4, 16, 64, 256, ...
Find
$$a_9$$

Common Ratio: $r = 4$
 $a_9 = 262144$
Explicit: $a_n = 4 \cdot 4^{n-1}$

34) -1,
$$-\frac{1}{2}$$
, $-\frac{1}{4}$, $-\frac{1}{8}$, ... Common Ratio: $r = \frac{1}{2}$
Find a_{11} $a_{11} = -\frac{1}{1024}$
Explicit: $a_n = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{n-1}$