

Parallel Lines and Angles Set 2 (without Answers)

Parallel Lines and Slope - Review

1. $a \parallel b$ and p is a transversal. Fill in the blanks describing the angle relationships with $\angle 3$.

$\angle 3$ and \angle _____ are a linear pair

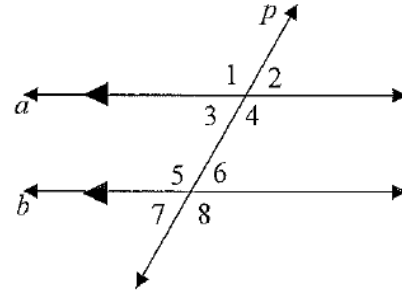
$\angle 3$ and \angle _____ are a linear pair

$\angle 3$ and \angle _____ are vertical angles

$\angle 3$ and \angle _____ are corresponding angles

$\angle 3$ and \angle _____ are alternate interior angles

$\angle 3$ and \angle _____ are consecutive interior angles



2. $a \parallel b$ and p is a transversal. If $m\angle 1 = 140^\circ$, find the measure of each angle giving one reason for each answer.

$m\angle 2 =$ _____

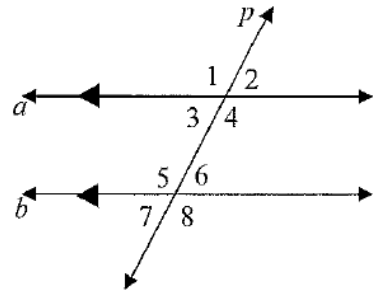
$m\angle 3 =$ _____

$m\angle 4 =$ _____

$m\angle 5 =$ _____

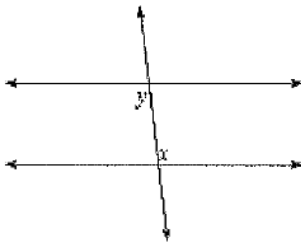
$m\angle 6 =$ _____

$m\angle 7 =$ _____

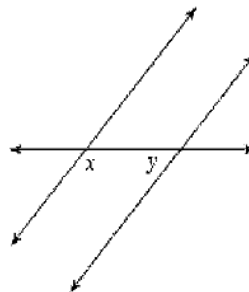


Identify each pair of angles as corresponding, alternate interior, alternate exterior, consecutive interior, or vertical.

3)

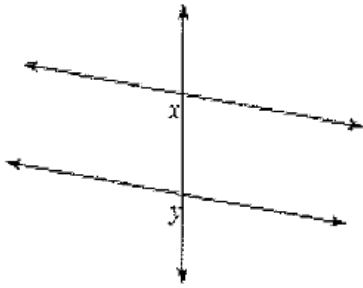


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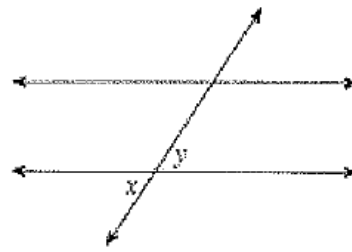


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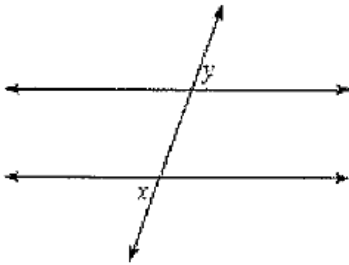
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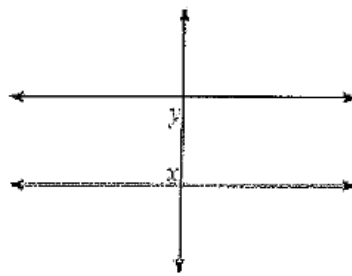
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7)

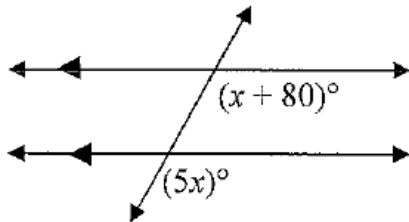


8)



Identify the type of angles and their relationship. Write an equation and solve for x.

9.

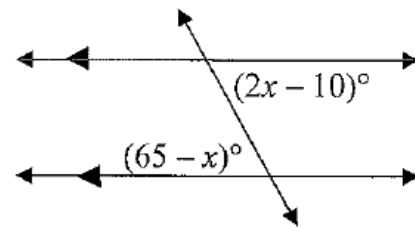


type of angles: _____

relationship: _____

x = _____

10.



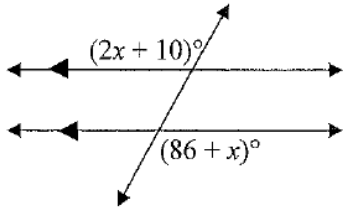
type of angles: _____

relationship: _____

x = _____

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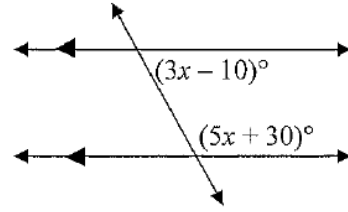
11.



type of angles: _____

relationship: _____

12.



type of angles: _____

relationship: _____

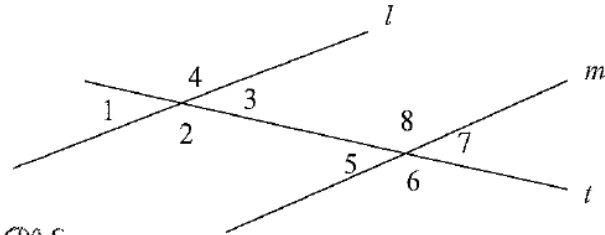
$x =$ _____

$x =$ _____

13. Write a 2 column proof.

Given: $l \parallel m$, $m\angle 1 = 2x - 14$, $m\angle 7 = 42^\circ$

Prove: $x = 28^\circ$

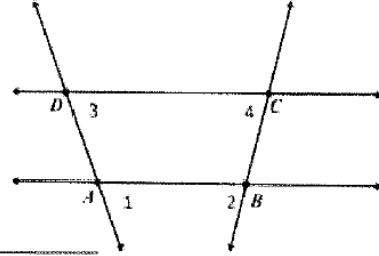


Statements	Reasons
1.	1.
2. $m\angle 1 = m\angle 7$	2.
3. $2x - 14 = 42$	3.
4. $2x - 14 + 14 = 42 + 14$	4.
5. $2x = 56$	5.
6. $\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{56}{2}$	6.
7. $x = 28$	7.

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14. Write a 2-column proof:

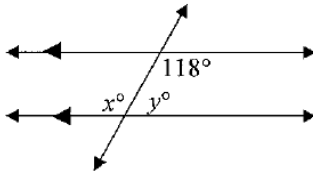
Given that $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC}$ and $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$, prove that $m\angle 3 = m\angle 4$.



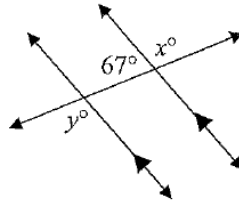
Statements	Reasons
1. $\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{DC}$, $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$	1.
2. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$	2.
3.	3. Transitive Prop.
4. $\angle 2 \cong \angle 4$	4.
5.	5. Transitive Prop
6.	6.

Find the values of x and y .

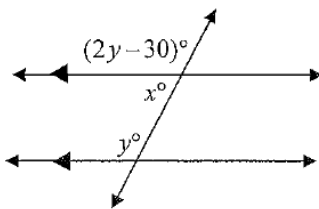
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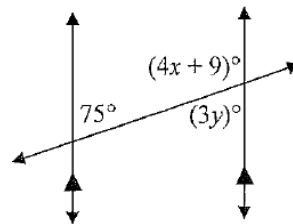
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17.



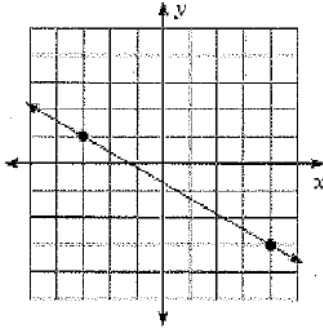
18.



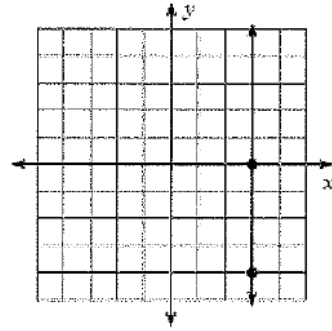
Parallel Lines and Angles Set 2 (without Answers)

Find the slope of each line.

19)



20)



Find the slope of the line through each pair of points.

21) $(-6, -4), (6, -18)$

22) $(-12, 14), (-9, 20)$

23. Given the slope of each line, determine the slope of the line that is parallel and the slope of the line that is perpendicular to the given line.

a. Line k has a slope of -3 . Parallel Line slope: _____ Perpendicular Line slope: _____

b. Line m has a slope of $\frac{1}{2}$. Parallel Line slope: _____ Perpendicular Line slope: _____

c. Line t has a slope of $-\frac{4}{5}$. Parallel Line slope: _____ Perpendicular Line slope: _____

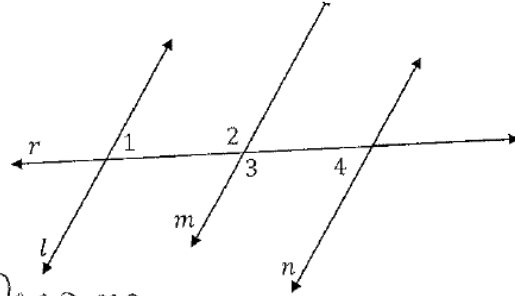
d. Line w has a slope of 0 . Parallel Line slope: _____ Perpendicular Line slope: _____

Parallel Lines and Angles Set 2 (without Answers)

24. Write a 2 column proof:

Given: $l \parallel m, m \parallel n$

Prove: $\angle 1$ is Supplementary to $\angle 3$.

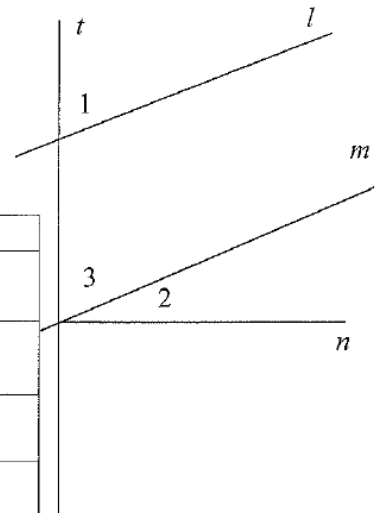


Statements	Reasons
1.	1.
2. $\angle 1$ is Suppl. to $\angle 2$	2.
3. $\angle 2 \cong \angle 3$	3.
4. $\angle 1$ is Suppl. to $\angle 3$	4.

25. Complete the following proof:

Given: $l \parallel m$; $\angle 3$ and $\angle 2$ are complementary.

Prove: $\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ are complementary.



Statement	Reason
1.	1. Given
2. $m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 = 90^\circ$	2.
3. $\angle 1 \cong \angle 3$	3.
4.	4. Definition of Congruent Angles
5. $m\angle 2 + m\angle 1 = 90^\circ$	5.
6.	6. Definition of Complementary Angles